MATHEMATICS

1.	The mathematical term algebra means						
	a)The restoration of broken parts b) Numbers c) Reduction and comparison						
	d) Logical sequence						
2.	The book of integration and equations was written by						
	a)Alkhwarizmi	b)Diophanturs	c)Alex	kander	d)Aryabhatta		
3.	The father of algebra						
	a)Alexander	b)Ramanujam	c)Diop	phantus	d)Bhaskara		
4.	An algebraic expression that contains only two terms is called						
	a)Monomial	b) Binomial	c) Trir	nomial	d) Polynomial		
5.	The degree of polyno	$mial 13x^4 - 2x^2y^3$	-4 is				
	a) 4	b)5	c)0		d)2		
6.	The product of $(x+3)(x^2-5x+7)$ is						
	a) $x^3-4x^2+6x-21$	$b)x^3-2x$	$x^2 - 8x + 21$	$c)x^3+$	$2x^2 + 8x - 21$		
	$d)x^3-2x^2+18x+21$						
7.	The value of 997^2-3^2	is					
	a) 249600	b) 994000	c) 988	4000	d) 994300		
8.	The value of $\frac{1}{4} [(a+b)^2 - (a-b)^2]$ is						
	a) $a^3 + b^3$	b) ab		c) $a^2 + b^2$	d) a^3-b^3		
9.	9. $x^6-3x^4+2x^2$) % $3x^2$ is						
	a) $1/3 x^4 + x^2 - 2/3$	b) $1/3x^4 - x^2 + 2/3$	c) 1/3	$x^4 + 2x^2 - 4/3$	d) $1/3x^4-2x^2+4/3$		
10. A rational number is such that when we multiply it by 5/2 and add 2/3 to the product we							
	get -7/2. What is the number						
	a) ½ b) 3/2		c) -1/2	2	d) -3\2		
11.	11. A parallogram in which ech angle is a right angle is called						
	a) Rectangle	b) rhombus	c) trap	ezium	d)square		
12.	To construct a rhomb	us we need					
	a) 3 independent measures b) two independent measures						
	c) Only one measure d) all the four sides						

13. A quadrilateral with each pair of opposite sides parallel and with each pair of adjacent						
sides equal is called						
a) Trapezium	b) rhombus	c) parallelogram	d) kite			
14. The x – coordinate is called as						
a) Ordinate	b) origin	c) abscissa d) ordinal				
15. The y – coordinate is called as						
a) Ordinate	b) origin	c) abscissa	d) ordinal			
16. What percent in 15 j	paise of 2 rupees and 70) paise				
a) 1 1/4%	b)5 5/9%	c) 5 3/7%	d) 1 3/4%			
17. When there is a loss	selling price is					
a) $\left(\frac{100 + profit\%}{100}\right) \times \alpha$	$(cp b) \left(\frac{100 + loss\%}{100}\right) \times cp$	$c) \left(\frac{100}{100 + loss\%} \right) \times sp$	d) $\left(\frac{100}{100 + profit\%}\right) \times sp$			
18. The tax added to the	value of product is call	led				
a) Sales tax	b) VAT	c) Exise tax	d) service tax			
19. The discount is always on the						
a) Marked price	b) cost price	c) Selling price	ce d) interest			
a) Marked price20. Difference between	, -	, 31	,			
,	compound and simple i	, 31	S			
20. Difference between	compound and simple i	nterest for two years is	S			
20. Difference between a) P(1+r/100) ² 21. E.M.I is	compound and simple i	nterest for two years is	d) p(r+1/100) ²			
20. Difference between a) P(1+r/100) ² 21. E.M.I is a) Principal – interes	compound and simple i b) $p(r/100)^2$	nterest for two years is c) $(1-r/100)^2$	d) p(r+1/100) ² /principal-interest			
20. Difference between a) P(1+r/100) ² 21. E.M.I is a) Principal – interes	compound and simple i b) p(r/100) ² st/number of months st/number of months	nterest for two years is c) (1-r/100) ² b) number of months d) number of months	d) p(r+1/100) ² /principal-interest			
20. Difference between a) P(1+r/100) ² 21. E.M.I is a) Principal – interes	compound and simple i b) p(r/100) ² st/number of months st/number of months	nterest for two years is c) (1-r/100) ² b) number of months d) number of months	d) p(r+1/100) ² /principal-interest /principal+interest			
20. Difference between a) P(1+r/100) ² 21. E.M.I is a) Principal – interes c) principal + interes 22. A can do a piece o	compound and simple i b) p(r/100) ² st/number of months st/number of months	nterest for two years is c) (1-r/100) ² b) number of months d) number of months	d) p(r+1/100) ² /principal-interest /principal+interest			
20. Difference between a) P(1+r/100) ² 21. E.M.I is a) Principal – interes c) principal + interes 22. A can do a piece o the work together?	compound and simple in b) p(r/100) ² st/number of months st/number of months walk in 20 days and B	nterest for two years is c) (1-r/100) ² b) number of months d) number of months can do I in 30 days. H	d) p(r+1/100) ² /principal-interest /principal+interest How long thy take to do			
20. Difference between a) P(1+r/100) ² 21. E.M.I is a) Principal – interes c) principal + interes 22. A can do a piece o the work together? a) 12 days	compound and simple in b) p(r/100) ² st/number of months st/number of months walk in 20 days and B	nterest for two years is c) (1-r/100) ² b) number of months d) number of months can do I in 30 days. H	d) p(r+1/100) ² /principal-interest /principal+interest How long thy take to do			
20. Difference between a) P(1+r/100) ² 21. E.M.I is a) Principal – interes c) principal + interes 22. A can do a piece o the work together? a) 12 days 23. Geometry has devel	compound and simple in b) p(r/100) ² st/number of months st/number of months walk in 20 days and B b) 30 days oped by b) Arabian	nterest for two years is c) (1-r/100) ² b) number of months d) number of months can do I in 30 days. Feel c) 10 days	d) p(r+1/100) ² /principal-interest /principal+interest How long thy take to do d) 1/10 day			
20. Difference between a) P(1+r/100) ² 21. E.M.I is a) Principal – interes c) principal + interes 22. A can do a piece o the work together? a) 12 days 23. Geometry has devel a) Egyptian	compound and simple in b) p(r/100) ² st/number of months st/number of months walk in 20 days and B b) 30 days oped by b) Arabian	nterest for two years is c) (1-r/100) ² b) number of months d) number of months can do I in 30 days. Feel c) 10 days	d) p(r+1/100) ² /principal-interest /principal+interest How long thy take to do d) 1/10 day			
20. Difference between a) P(1+r/100) ² 21. E.M.I is a) Principal – interes c) principal + interes 22. A can do a piece o the work together? a) 12 days 23. Geometry has devel a) Egyptian 24. Point of concurrency	compound and simple is b) p(r/100) ² st/number of months st/number of months walk in 20 days and B b) 30 days oped by b) Arabian y of perpendicular bisec b) incentre	nterest for two years is c) (1-r/100) ² b) number of months d) number of months can do I in 30 days. F c) 10 days c) Greeks ctors of three sides c) centroid	d) p(r+1/100) ² /principal-interest /principal+interest How long thy take to do d) 1/10 day d) Italians			

26.	. Which is the branch of mathematics that involves alphabet, numbers and mathematical							
	operations							
	a) sequence	b) analysis	c) statistics	d)Algebra				
27.	Profit percentage =							
	a) (Profit/c.p)×100	b) (loss/c.p)×100	c) (c.p/Profit)×100	d) (c.p/loss)×100				
28.	Area of trapezium =							
	a) ½ h (a+b)	b) ½ ah	c) $\frac{1}{2}$ bh ²	d) ½ abh				
29.	The sum of the three angles of a triangle is							
	a)360°	b)180°	c)45°	d) 90°				
30.	A quantity which has	a fixed numerical valu	e is a					
	a) Variable	b) Number	c) Constant	d) term				
31.	Expressions are made	up of						
	a) Terms	b) numbers	c)Power	d) coefficient				
32.	2. In 2010, the population of a town is 150000. If it is increased by 10% in the next year,							
	find the population in	2011						
	a) 174000	b) 164000	c) 155000	d) 165000				
33.	3. The length of the two parallel sides of a trapezium are 15cm and 10cm. If its area							
	is100sq.cm. Find the distance between the parallel sides							
	a) 8cm	b) 7cm	c) 4cm	d) 3cm				
34.	The cost of fencing a	circular park at the ra	te of Rs. 5 per metreis	s Rs.1100. What is the				
	radius of the park							
	a)5m	b) 35m	c) 34m	d) 37m				
35.	What is the variable v	which occurs most freq	uently in the given dat	a				
	a) Median	b) Mean	c) Mode	d) standard deviation				
36.	Which number has no	reciprocal						
	a)0	b) 1	c) -1	d) 1/4				
37.	The additive identity	of rational number is						
	a) 0	b) 1	c) -1	d) 1/4				
38.	The multiplicative inv	verse of 2 ⁻⁴ is						
	a) 2	b) 4	c) 2 ⁴	d) -4				

3921 ⁻² is equal to								
a) -1/2	b) ½	c) -1/2	d)-1/4					
40. Ramanujam number is								
a) 1029	b) 1729	c) 1829	d) 1079					
41. The number of	41. The number of zeros of the cube root of 1000 is							
a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 d) 4								
42. Which of the following is false								
a) Cube of any	y odd number is odd							
b) A perfect co	b) A perfect cube doesnot end with 2 zeros							
c) The cube of	c) The cube of a single digit number may be a single digit number							
d) There is no	perfect cube which ends with	th 8						
43. Complete the fe	ollowing 1,1,2,3,5,8,13,21							
a) 80	b) 34	c)89	d) 55					
44. Area of a semio	circle is terms the	e area of the circle						
a) Two	b) four	c) One –half	d) cine quarter					
45. The central angle of a quadrant is								
a) 90°	b) 270°	c) 180°	d) 0°					
46. A polygon in w	46. A polygon in which atleast one angle is more than 180 is called							
a) Concave polygon b) concave polygon c) irregular polygon d) regular polygon								
47. Which of the following statement is correct								
a) Equilateral	a) Equilateral triangle is equilateral b) Isosceles triangle is equilateral							
b) Equiangular triangle is not equilateral c) Scalene triangle is equiangular								
48. Two plane figures are said to be congruent if they have								
a) Same size	b) the same shape	c) the same size, sam	e, shape					
d) The same size but not same shape								
49. In triangle ABC and triangle DEF, B = E, AB = DE, BC = EF, The two triangle are								
congruent under axiom.								
a) SSS	b) AAA	c) SAS	d) ASA					
50. The golden rati	o was developed by							
a) Greeks	b) Egyptians	c) Italian	d) Aryans					

ANSWERS

1.a	2.a	3.c	4.b	5.b	6.b	7.b	8.b	9.b	10.c
11.d	12.b	13.b	14.c	15.a	16.b	17.b	18.b	19.a	20.b
21.c	22.d	23.a	24.a	25.c	26.d	27.a	28.a	29.b	30.c
31.a	32.d	33.a	34.b	35.c	36.a	37.a	38.c	39.b	40.b
41 a	42 d	43 h	44 a	45 a	46 h	47 a	48 c	49 c	50 a